#### **POSITION STATEMENT:**

# DEFINITION OF NEUROLOGY SUBSPECIALTY



## **Background Information**

The American Academy of Neurology (AAN) is a professional association of more than 34,000 neurologists and neuroscience professionals dedicated to providing the best possible care for patients with neurological disorders—strives to be the best resource of accurate information for neurologists in order to promote high quality, safe, and cost-effective care.

## **Description of Issue**

Guidelines for Evaluation and Management (E/M) services define use of new and established patient visits based on whether a patient has been seen by a provider of the exact same subspecialty who belongs to the same group practice within the previous three years. For the purposes of defining the subspecialties of neurology, the AAN looks to accreditation and certification programs from ABPN, ACGME, UCNS and the Health Care Provider Taxonomy Code Set.

Since January 1, 2010 when the three year rule was implemented by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), a new patient has been defined as "a patient who has not received any professional services (E/M or other face-to-face service) within the previous 3 years." This included services rendered by a physician within the same practice setting.

The 2012 revisions to the CPT E/M Guidelines have clarified that if a patient receives services from a physician who is not of the exact same specialty as the physician rendering the initial services, the second encounter may be reported as a new patient visit.

## Rationale

The American Academy of Neurology has compiled a list of neurology subspecialties to assist its membership in making the determination whether a new patient encounter may be reported using the revised decision tree. This list is not intended to be exclusive. Neurologists may refer payers to this position statement to support the validity of a reported new patient visit.

### **ACGME** accredited subspecialties:

The Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) is responsible for the accreditation of post-MD medical training programs in the United States.

- Child Neurology
- Clinical Neurophysiology
- Endovascular Surgical Neuroradiology
- Hospice and Palliative Medicine
- Neurodevelopmental Disabilities

- Neuromuscular Medicine
- Pain Medicine
- Sleep Medicine
- Vascular Neurology



#### Subspecialties recognized by UCNS:

UCNS is a nonprofit organization that accredits training programs (fellowships) in neurologic subspecialties and awards certification to physicians who demonstrate their competence in these subspecialties.

- Autonomic Disorders
- Behavioral Neurology & Neuropsychiatry
- Clinical Neuromuscular Pathology
- Geriatric Neurology
- Headache Medicine

- Neural Repair and Rehabilitation
- Neurocritical Care
- Neuroimaging
- Neuro-Oncology

#### Subspecialties recognized by ABPN:

The ABPN is a not-for-profit organization that facilitates the certification and maintenance of certification processes for psychiatry and neurology.

- Clinical Neurophysiology
- Epilepsy
- Hospice and Palliative Medicine
- Neurodevelopmental Disabilities

- Neuromuscular Medicine
- Pain Medicine
- Sleep Medicine
- Vascular Neurology

#### Health Care Provider Taxonomy Code Set-Psychiatry & Neurology:

The Health Care Provider Taxonomy code set is an external, nonmedical data code set designed for use in an electronic environment including transactions mandated under HIPAA. The National Uniform Claim Committee (NUCC) is presently maintaining the code set.<sup>2</sup>

- Behavioral Neurology and Neuropsychiatry
- Clinical Neurophysiology
- Diagnostic Neuroimaging
- Hospice and Palliative Medicine
- Neurodevelopmental Disabilities
- Neurology

- Neurology with Special Qualifications in Child Neurology
- Neuromuscular Medicine
- Pain Medicine
- Psychosomatic Medicine
- Sleep Medicine
- Vascular Neurology

## Conclusion

Neurologists of a different subspecialty who see a patient within three years of another neurologist in the same group practice should report a new patient E/M code for that visit. It is appropriate for neurologists to determine whether they are of a "different subspecialty" according to one of the designated subspecialties or other subspecialties recognized within the medical community.



## **Position Statement History**

Reviewed by the Coding Subcommittee; approved by the Medical Economics and Management Committee on July 31, 2012; approved by the AAN Board of Directors on August 14, 2012. AAN Policy August 14, 2012.

#### References

- 1 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. MLN Matters: MM6740 revised: revisions to consultation services payment policy. Available at: cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/mm6740.pdf. Accessed June 12, 2012.
- 2 National Uniform Claim Committee. Provider Taxonomy. Available at: nucc.org/index.php?option=com\_wrapper&view=wrapper&ltemid=126 Accessed June 12, 2012.